Supplementary Information for

Cordycepin Suppresses The Malignant Phenotypes of Colon Cancer Cells through The GSK3ß/ß-catenin/cyclin D1 Signaling Pathway

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Fig.S1: Effects of cordycepin on the pulmonary metastasis of colon cancer cells. A. Cell viability of FHC cells was detected by MTT assay after treatment with different concentrations of cordycepin (control, 20 µM, 40 µM and 80 µM). B. Lung metastasis of HT-29 cells in vivo was evaluated after the nude mice were injected with HT-29 cells treated with or without 80 μ M cordycepin for 24 hours. The ordinate indicates the number of nodules per section. *; P<0.05 and ***; P<0.001.